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From
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
To

October 12, 1950

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2210 E Street, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Attention: []

Dear Sir:

For your information, I am attaching hereto
communications which may be of interest to you.

Very truly yours,

J. E. Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

1- Encl

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCES METHODS EXEMPTION 3B2E
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2004 2006

FOR COORDINATION WITH

FBI

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEWARK**

NY FILE NO. 105-497 068

REPORT MADE AT NEWARK	DATE WHEN MADE 9/26/50	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 8/11, 16, 19, 20, 21/50	REPORT MADE BY WILLIAM V. CLARK, JR.
TITLE NIKOLAI NAZARENKO		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - R	
<p>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS: Mr. NICHOLAS EVODKIN KOROLKOFF, Secretary of the World Cossack Association, Farmingdale, NY, stated there is a rumor to the effect that NAZARENKO was an active member of the CP and was wearing a Russian NKVD uniform at Mariubol, Russia, in 1941 before the German Army came to that city. NAZARENKO fought in German Army during 1941 and 1942. NAZARENKO was Cossack General NAZARENKO's adjutant from 1943 to 1945 and fought against Russians during this period. NAZARENKO is employed as a bricklayer by THEODORE KOVALENKO, building contractor, Keansburg, NJ, and resides at VanBrunt Place, Keansburg, NJ. No arrest record.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">This is an FBI investigative report and makes no recommendation for clearance or disapproval.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- P -</p> <p>DETAILS: Mr. NICHOLAS EVODKIN KOROLKOFF, Secretary of the World Cossack Association, West Farms Road, Farmingdale, New Jersey, stated that he has had several conversations with NIKOLAI NAZARENKO and that NAZARENKO has given a different account of his past life every time they have had a conversation. He said that NAZARENKO told him on one occasion that he, NAZARENKO, was a Cossack, and on another occasion told him that he, NAZARENKO, was not a Cossack. He stated that inquiry among members of the World Cossack Association failed to produce anyone acquainted with NAZARENKO.</p> <p>Mr. KOROLKOFF stated that NAZARENKO gave him the following information concerning NAZARENKO's background:</p>			
APPROVED AND FORWARDED:		SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES	
5-Bureau (105-12242) 2-Philadelphia (Encl. 1) 1-New York (105-1458)(Info) 2-Newark			

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U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 16-30235

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KALASHNIKOV was born in 1916 at St. Peter, Chernyshevsk, Don Cossack Province, Russia. KALASHNIKOV lived at St. Peter, Chernyshevsk, Russia, for a few years and then attended military school in Romania. The Romanian Secret Service sent him back to Russia. He was wounded crossing the river between Romania and Russia and the Russian Secret Office put him in jail where he remained for a few years.

He fought with the German Army against the Communists in 1941 and 1942. In 1943 he became Cossack General KALASHNIKOV's adjutant in Yugoslavia. He fought with General KALASHNIKOV's forces against the Russians from about 1943 to about 1945. He married General KALASHNIKOV's daughter at Belgrade, Yugoslavia, in about 1944. He remained in a displaced persons camp in Schlesien, Munich, Germany, from about 1945 until he came to the United States.

Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that he does not believe KALASHNIKOV attended a military school in Romania because KALASHNIKOV was not a Romanian citizen. Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that information came to him that seventeen Generals and Colonels left General KALASHNIKOV's forces at the time KALASHNIKOV became the General's adjutant. He stated that one of the Generals, General GORODKOV, is residing in the vicinity of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that he has seen KALASHNIKOV's wedding pictures and that KALASHNIKOV was married in a German Major's uniform. Mr. KALASHNIKOV also produced a newspaper picture which showed KALASHNIKOV in German uniform along with General KALASHNIKOV reviewing troops.

Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that there is a rumor to the effect that KALASHNIKOV was an active member of the Communist Party and was wearing a Russian Navy uniform at Mariubol, Russia, in 1941 before the German Army came to that city. After the German Army arrived at Mariubol, KALASHNIKOV fought with the German Army against the Russians. Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that he does not know where this rumor started. He stated that as a result of this rumor many members of the World Cossack Association called KALASHNIKOV a "cherist", which means leader and judge in the Russian Navy.

Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that KALASHNIKOV attacked and injured one KALASHNIKOV after a World Cossack Association meeting on October 17, 1944, because KALASHNIKOV had called KALASHNIKOV a "cherist". Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that the World Cossack Association has banned KALASHNIKOV from its future meetings and affairs because of his attack on KALASHNIKOV.

Mr. KALASHNIKOV stated that KALASHNIKOV's father-in-law, Cossack General KALASHNIKOV and wife arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, in about

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September 1949 where they were detained for about four months by the Immigration and Naturalization Service and then released on probation. He stated that ~~SA [redacted]~~ resident of the World Jewish Association, State Highway, Marlinton, New Jersey, signed General ~~SA [redacted]~~'s probation release papers. He further stated that General ~~SA [redacted]~~ had been accused of something at Ellis Island, New York, but that the accusation was disproved. He stated that he did not know the basis for the accusation.

Mr. ~~SA [redacted]~~ stated that ~~SA [redacted]~~'s father-in-law, ~~SA [redacted]~~, is presently living and working as a gardener in a monastery at Orangeburg, New York.

Mr. ~~SA [redacted]~~ advised that ~~SA [redacted]~~ is presently working as a bricklayer for ~~SA [redacted]~~ building contractor, at Oceanburg, New Jersey, and is residing at Vanrunt Place, Oceanburg, New Jersey. He further advised that ~~SA [redacted]~~'s wife, ~~SA [redacted]~~, and mother-in-law, ~~SA [redacted]~~, are residing with ~~SA [redacted]~~ at Oceanburg, New Jersey.

Source, Confidential Informant #1, a representative of another Government agency which maintains personnel records and conducts intelligence investigations, produced records which reflected the following information concerning ~~SA [redacted]~~:

~~SA [redacted]~~ was born December 6, 1911, at Marichersk, Russia. He immigrated to the United States from Bremerhaven, Germany, and entered the United States at Boston, Massachusetts, under the name of ~~SA [redacted]~~, as a displaced person, on August 30, 1949, on the SS General Holbrook. His last foreign residence was Marichersk, Russia. His destination in the United States was listed as ~~SA [redacted]~~, Freehold, New Jersey, and ~~SA [redacted]~~, Freehold, New Jersey, was listed as the person in the United States he was coming to see. He listed the following relatives: wife, ~~SA [redacted]~~; father, ~~SA [redacted]~~; mother, ~~SA [redacted]~~. He listed his residence in the United States as ~~SA [redacted]~~, Freehold, New Jersey.

The records of the Monmouth County Clerk's Office, Monmouth County, Freehold, New Jersey, reflect the following information concerning ~~SA [redacted]~~ and his wife, ~~SA [redacted]~~:

~~SA [redacted]~~, Vanrunt Place, Oceanburg, New Jersey, filed Declaration of Intention #7137 to become a citizen of the United States in the Monmouth County Court, Monmouth County, Freehold, New Jersey, on June 15, 1950. He was born December 6, 1911, at Marichersk, Russia. He immigrated to the United States from Bremerhaven, Germany, and entered the United States at Boston, Massachusetts, under the name of ~~SA [redacted]~~ on August 30, 1949, on the SS General Holbrook. His nationality was shown as Russian and

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his last foreign residence was shown as Karocharkask, Russia. He was married to NATALIA NAZARENKO on April 30, 1944, at Belgrade, Yugoslavia. His wife, NATALIA, was born in Ekaterinodar, Russia, on August 21, 1919, and entered the United States at Boston, Massachusetts, on August 30, 1949. His description was set forth as follows:

Name	NIKOLAI NAZARENKO
Age	38 years
Born	December 6, 1911, Karocharkask, Russia
Sex	Male
Race	White
Complexion	Fair
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Dark brown
Height	6'
Weight	200 pounds
Nationality	Russian
Marital status	Married

NATALIA NAZARENKO, Vanbrunt Place, Scotchburg, New Jersey, filed Declaration of Intention #7131 to become a citizen of the United States in the Monmouth County Court, Monmouth County, Scotchburg, New Jersey, on June 19, 1950. She was born August 21, 1919, at Ekaterinodar, Russia. She immigrated to the United States from Bremerhaven, Germany, and entered the United States at Boston, Massachusetts, under the name of NATALIA NAZARENKO on August 30, 1949, on the SS General Halbrook. Her nationality was shown as Russian and her last foreign address was shown as Weimingen, Germany. She was married to NIKOLAI NAZARENKO on April 30, 1944, at Belgrade, Yugoslavia. Her husband, NIKOLAI NAZARENKO, was born on December 6, 1911, at Karocharkask, Russia, and entered the United States at Boston, Massachusetts, on August 30, 1949. Her description was set forth as follows:

Name	NATALIA NAZARENKO
Age	31 years
Born	August 21, 1919, Ekaterinodar, Russia.
Race	White
Sex	Female
Complexion	Fair
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Brown
Height	5'6"
Weight	172 pounds
Nationality	Russian
Marital status	Married

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No record for NIKOLAI NAZARENKO was located at the Monmouth County Sheriff's Office, Freehold, New Jersey.

Enclosure to Philadelphia - 1:

One copy of the report of SA GILLO V. CLARK, JR., Newark, 7/31/50.

PENDING